REFERENCE 2

The Science Curriculum





Achievement Standards in Science



	Achievement Standards
	Achievement Standards
Australia	Achievement standards are stated as learning outcomes.
7 (0.50) 0.110	Achievement standards are stated in terms of final learning objectives for A Stream and developmental objectives for B Stream.
Belgium (Flemish)	Students not meeting the standards may need to repeat the grade, receive reduced hours of instruction, or be moved to an easier class.
Bulgaria	The curriculum does not incorporate achievement standards.
Canada	Achievement standards are prescribed learning outcomes with the stem "It's expected that students will" or contained in supplementary resource books.
Chile	There are no performance standards but there are objectives describing what students should learn. The revised curriculum will include performance standards stated as expected learning outcomes.
Chinese Taipei	The curriculum does not incorporate achievement standards.
Cyprus	The curriculum does not incorporate achievement standards.
Czech Republic	The curriculum provides a description of the skills and knowledge students must have. Teachers decide if the student has met the curriculum standards and considers this in promotion. If a student fails a single subject, the student must repeat the grade.
England	Achievement standards are established as a system of levels, each level with its own description of performance. On average, at age 7 students are expected to be at level 2; at age 11 level 4; and at age 13 level 5/6. One level is regarded as two years progress.
Finland	The curriculum does not incorporate achievement standards.
Hong Kong, SAR	The curriculum does not incorporate achievement standards.
Hungary	Standards are stated as learning objectives.
Indonesia	There are instructional objectives in the curriculum but no performance standards.
Iran, Islamic Rep.	The curriculum does not incorporate achievement standards.
Israel	The curriculum does not incorporate achievement standards.
Italy	The curriculum does not incorporate achievement standards.
Japan	Achievement standards are stated in the national curriculum as learning objectives, such as "To help students" or "To enable students to".
Jordan	Objectives are defined in the curriculum and the minimum percent of attainment for each objective is specified.
Korea, Rep. of	Achievement standards will be included in the revised curriculum (to be implemented at the 8th grade in 2001).
Latvia (LSS)	The curriculum incorporates achievement standards.
Lithuania	Achievement standards are not a part of curricula, but are prepared as separate documents. The draft of the National Educational Standards was released in 1997. As of 1999, the document had not been officially approved.
Macedonia, Rep. of	In physics and geography achievement standards are stated as the compulsory knowledge and skills which should be attained by all students. In biology and chemistry achievement standards are stated as learning objectives.
Malaysia	Achievement standards are stated as scientific skills in the curriculum content specification document.
Moldova	The curriculum incorporates achievement standards.
Morocco	The curriculum does not incorporate achievement standards.
Netherlands	Achievement standards are stated as learning objectives, such as "Students develop a competence" or "Students learn to research"
New Zealand	Achievement standards are stated as learning outcomes expressed at eight levels of learning independent of age and grade.
Philippines	Achievement standards are stated as learning competencies.
Romania	The achievement standards are stated as learning objectives, such as "The student should be able to arrive at a conclusion based on experimental work."
Russian Federation	Achievement standards are stated as knowledge and skills which should be attained by students by the end of basic school.
Singapore	Achievement standards are stated in terms of learning objectives, assessment guidelines (table of specifications), and science process skills (practicals).
Slovak Republic	Learning objectives are included in the curriculum. Performance standards are in development.
Slovenia	The curriculum states standards for student performance by grade level and subject area. If a student's achievement in a subject is under minimal standard, the student receives an unsatisfactory mark and must take a correcting exam in that subject. Students receiving three or more unsatisfactory marks must repeat the grade.
South Africa	The standards are not specific. A list of content to be covered is provided.
Thailand	Achievement standards are stated as learning objectives.
Tunisia	Achievement standards are stated as learning objectives.
Turkey	Achievement standards are stated as objectives, such as "Ability to understand/know"
United States	For states that have science standards, indicators or benchmarks are included.





Percentage of Students Whose Schools Reported Various Organizational Approaches in Science Instruction to Accommodate Students with Different Abilities or Interests in Science

	All Classes Study Similar Content but at Different Levels of Difficulty	Students Are Grouped by Ability within Classes	Enrichment Science Is Offered	Remedial Science Is Offered	Different Classes Study Different Content
Australia	45 (4.5)	34 (3.6)	50 (4.5)	42 (4.3)	18 (3.0)
Belgium (Flemish)	57 (4.4)	11 (2.1)	19 (3.1)	37 (4.4)	58 (3.9)
Bulgaria	56 (5.1)	58 (5.6)	22 (3.8)	15 (2.9)	11 (2.6)
Canada	хх	хх	хх	хх	хх
Chile	73 (3.5)	29 (3.2)	25 (3.2)	47 (4.0)	15 (3.0)
Chinese Taipei	49 (4.0)	23 (3.6)	83 (3.2)	78 (3.7)	16 (3.2)
Cyprus	53 (0.2)	37 (0.2)	6 (0.2)	28 (0.2)	4 (0.1)
Czech Republic	69 (4.6)	27 (4.4)	32 (4.3)	37 (5.2)	6 (2.9)
England	r 66 (4.6)	r 48 (4.5)	r 38 (5.0)	r 45 (4.9)	r 0 (0.0)
Finland	96 (2.0)	1 (0.8)	35 (3.4)	77 (4.0)	5 (2.1)
Hong Kong, SAR	47 (4.9)	10 (2.9)	49 (4.2)	21 (3.2)	r 2 (1.2)
Hungary	88 (2.6)	23 (3.5)	56 (4.1)	37 (4.3)	4 (1.7)
Indonesia	49 (5.0)	16 (3.4)	97 (1.3)	93 (2.3)	14 (3.0)
Iran, Islamic Rep.	0 (0.0)	s 41 (4.8)	s 26 (4.5)	s 62 (5.4)	0 (0.0)
Israel	s 32 (5.4)	s 34 (5.3)	s 83 (4.9)	s 33 (4.9)	s 23 (4.7)
Italy	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	38 (4.0)	45 (4.1)	0 (0.0)
Japan	23 (3.7)	7 (2.4)	28 (3.2)	58 (4.5)	4 (1.8)
Jordan	68 (4.2)	34 (4.7)	73 (4.0)	85 (3.2)	1 (0.0)
Korea, Rep. of	24 (3.7)	39 (4.3)	21 (3.3)	17 (3.0)	16 (2.8)
Latvia (LSS)	r 61 (4.8)	r 27 (4.2)	r 11 (3.1)	r 85 (3.2)	r 2 (1.3)
Lithuania ‡					
Macedonia, Rep. of	62 (4.4)	21 (3.4)	90 (2.4)	94 (2.0)	5 (2.0)
Malaysia	57 (4.4)	53 (3.8)	92 (2.7)	82 (3.3)	34 (4.1)
Moldova	76 (3.1)	68 (3.7)	72 (3.9)	r 60 (4.6)	17 (3.2)
Morocco	51 (4.0)	2 (1.2)	5 (1.9)	30 (3.4)	8 (2.4)
Netherlands	r 62 (6.2)	r 32 (6.8)	r 77 (6.3)	r 38 (6.4)	r 61 (6.6)
New Zealand Philippines	72 (3.8) 86 (3.2)	35 (4.4)	68 (4.2) 71 (4.3)	45 (4.0)	r 4 (1.7) 18 (3.5)
Romania	81 (3.3)	43 (4.4) 51 (4.5)	82 (3.5)	66 (4.2) 80 (3.5)	4 (1.6)
Russian Federation	31 (4.0)	49 (4.0)	91 (2.6)	50 (3.6)	21 (3.5)
Singapore	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	81 (3.3)	97 (0.8)	83 (3.5)
Slovak Republic	64 (4.6)	7 (2.6)	25 (3.9)	59 (5.2)	2 (1.5)
Slovenia	0 (0.0)	22 (4.1)	94 (2.1)	74 (3.5)	0 (0.0)
South Africa					
Thailand	91 (2.7)	48 (4.0)	43 (3.9)	40 (3.7)	4 (1.3)
Tunisia	89 (2.8)	9 (2.6)	22 (3.6)	28 (3.7)	4 (1.6)
Turkey	69 (4.3)	16 (2.7)	22 (3.1)	47 (4.0)	12 (2.3)
United States	r 52 (4.6)	r 17 (3.4)	r 34 (4.0)	r 17 (3.4)	r 12 (2.7)
International Avg.	54 (0.7)	28 (0.6)	50 (0.6)	53 (0.7)	14 (0.5)

Background data provided by schools.

A dash (-) indicates data are not available.

SOURCE: IEA Third International Mathematics and Science Study (TIMSS), 1998-1999

[‡] Lithuania tested the same cohort of students as other countries, but later in 1999, at the beginning of the next school year.

^() Standard errors appear in parentheses. Because results are rounded to the nearest whole number, some totals may appear inconsistent.

An "r" indicates school response data available for 70-84% of students. An "s" indicates school response data available for 50-69% of students. An "x" indicates school response data available for <50% of students.

Detailed Information About Topics in the Intended Curriculum, Up to and Including Eighth Grade - Earth Science



Australia Belgium (Flemish) Bulgaria Canada Chile	Earth's physical features (layers, landforms, bodies of water, rocks, soil)	Earth's atmosphere (layers, composition, temperature, pressure)	Earth processes and history (weather and climate, physical cycles, plate tectonics, fossils)	Earth in the solar system and the universe (interactions between Earth, sun, and moon; relationship to planets and stars)	
Chinese Taipei					
Cyprus Czech Republic					
England					
Finland					
Hong Kong, SAR					
Hungary					
Indonesia					
Iran, Islamic Rep.					
Israel					
Italy Japan					
Japan					
Korea, Rep. of				•	
Latvia (LSS)					
Lithuania					1999
Macedonia, Rep. of	•		•	•	-866
Malaysia	•				55), 1
Moldova					Æ
Morocco Netherlands					ience Study (TIMSS), 1998-1999
New Zealand					ence
Philippines					d Sci
Romania					ics an
Russian Federation					emati
Singapore					Math
Slovak Republic	-	-	-	•	SOURCE: IEA Third International Mathematics and Sc
Slovenia					ırnati
South Africa					d Inte
Thailand					, Thire
Tunisia Turkey					E: IEA
United States					URCI
C.iica States					SC

All or almost all students (at least 90%)
About half of the students
Only the more able students (top trackabout 25%)
Only the most advanced students (10% or less)
Not included in curriculum
Data not available





Detailed Information About Topics in the Intended Curriculum, Up to and Including Eighth Grade - Biology



	Human body – structure and function of organs and systems	Human bodily processes (metabolism, respiration, digestion)	Human nutrition, health, and disease	Biology of plant and animal life (diversity, structure, life processes, life cycles)	Photosynthesis	Interactions of living things (biomes and ecosystems, interdependence)	Reproduction, genetics, evolution, and speciation	
Australia					•			
Belgium (Flemish)				•				
Bulgaria								
Canada								
Chile Chinese Taipei								
Cyprus								
Czech Republic								
England								
Finland								
Hong Kong, SAR								
Hungary								
Indonesia								
Iran, Islamic Rep.								
Israel								
Italy								
Japan 								
Jordan Kanaa Ban af								
Korea, Rep. of Latvia (LSS)								
Lithuania								999
Macedonia, Rep. of								98-15
Malaysia								, 19
Moldova								IMSS
Morocco						•	•	T) (b)
Netherlands	•							ematics and Science Study (TIMSS), 1998-1999
New Zealand	•	•			•		•	cienc
Philippines						•		s pue
Romania								atics 9
Russian Federation								hema
Singapore								Mat
Slovak Republic	_	_	-	_	-	_	-	ional
Slovenia								ernat
South Africa Thailand								SOURCE: IEA Third International Math
Tunisia								√ Thir
Turkey								E: IE/
United States								JURC
								S

	All or almost all students (at least 90%)
•	About half of the students
•	Only the more able students (top track-about 25%)
•	Only the most advanced students (10% or less)
	Not included in curriculum
_	Data not available

Detailed Information About Topics in the Intended Curriculum, Up to and Including Eighth Grade - Physics



	Physical properties and physical changes of matter (weight, mass, states of matter, boiling, freezing)	Subatomic particles (protons, electrons, neutrons)	Energy types, sources, and conversions (chemical, kinetic, electric, light energy, work and efficiency)	Heat and temperature	Gas laws (relationship between temperature/pressure/volume)	Wave phenomena, sound, and vibration	Light (reflection, refraction, light and color)	Electricity and magnetism (circuits, conductivity, magnets)	Forces and motion (types of forces, balanced/unbalanced forces, fluid behavior, speed, acceleration)	Buoyancy	
Australia					•					•	
Belgium (Flemish)											
Bulgaria											
Canada			•			•	•	•	•	•	
Chinana Tainai											
Chinese Taipei Cyprus											
Czech Republic											
England											
Finland											
Hong Kong, SAR											
Hungary											
Indonesia											
Iran, Islamic Rep.											
Israel											
Italy											
Japan 											
Jordan Karaa Ban af											
Korea, Rep. of Latvia (LSS)		•				•				•	
Lithuania											999.
Macedonia, Rep. of											1-86
Malaysia											5), 15
Moldova											TIMS
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Netherlands			•			•	•				ce St
New Zealand		•		•		•					Scien
Philippines	•	•		•						•	and
Romania											natics
Russian Federation Singapore											athen
Slovak Republic											al Ma
Slovenia											SOURCE: IEA Third International Mathematics and Science Study (TIMSS), 1998-1999.
South Africa											ntern
Thailand											hird It
Tunisia											EA TI
Turkey											CE: I
United States											SOUF

/	
	All or almost all students (at least 90%)
•	About half of the students
•	Only the more able students (top trackabout 25%)
•	Only the most advanced students (10% or less)
•	Not included in curriculum
-	Data not available

Detailed Information About Topics in the Intended Curriculum, Up to and Including Eighth Grade - Chemistry



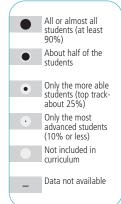
	Classification of matter (elements, compounds, solutions, mixtures)	Structure of matter (atoms, ions, molecules, crystals)	Formation of solutions (solvents, solutes, soluble/insoluble substances)	Acids, bases, and salts	Chemical reactivity and transformations (definition of chemical change, oxidation, combustion)	Energy and chemical change (exothermic and endothermic reactions, reaction rates)	Chemical bonding and compound formation (ionic, covalent)	Chemical equations	Atomic structure	Atomic number and atomic mass	Periodic table	Valency	
Australia													
Belgium (Flemish)													
Bulgaria													
Canada				•									
Chinasa Tainai													
Chinese Taipei Cyprus													
Czech Republic													
England													
Finland													
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Lithuania						•				•			1999.
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Malaysia													55), 1
Moldova			•									•	E
Morocco	•		•										study
Netherlands	•	•		•									nce 5
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Romania													s and
Russian Federation													matic
Singapore								•					lathe
Slovak Republic	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	nal N
Slovenia								•			•		natio
South Africa													Inter
Thailand									•				Third
Tunisia		•											: IEA
Turkey									•				SOURCE: IEA Third International Mathematics and Science Study (TIMSS), 1998-1999.
United States											•		S

)
	All or almost all students (at least 90%)	
•	About half of the students	
•	Only the more able students (top trackabout 25%)	
•	Only the most advanced students (10% or less)	
	Not included in curriculum	
_	Data not available	
		,

Detailed Information About Topics in the Intended Curriculum, Up to and Including Eighth Grade - Environmental and Resource Issues



	Pollution (acid rain, global warming, ozone layer, water pollution)	Conservation of natural resources (land, water, forests, energy sources)	Food supply and production, population, and environmental effects of natural and man-made events
	ollution (a yer, water	onservatic ater, fores	ood supply od enviror an-made
Australia	<u>a</u> <u>s</u>	0 \$	3 8 2
Belgium (Flemish)			
Bulgaria			
Canada			
Chile			
Chinese Taipei	•	•	•
Cyprus			
Czech Republic	•		•
England Finland			
Hong Kong, SAR			
Hungary			
Indonesia		•	
Iran, Islamic Rep.			
Israel			
Italy			
Japan	•		
Jordan			
Korea, Rep. of			
Latvia (LSS) Lithuania	•		66
Macedonia, Rep. of			98-10
Malaysia			19
Moldova			
Morocco	•	•	6
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United States			



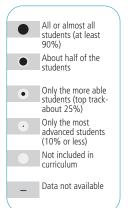




Detailed Information About Topics in the Intended Curriculum, Up to and Including Eighth Grade - Scientific Inquiry and the Nature of Science



	Scientific method (formulating hypotheses, making observations, drawing conclusions, generalizing)	Experimental design (experimental control, materials and procedures)	Scientific measurements (reliability, replication, experimental error, accuracy, scales)	Using scientific apparatus and conducting routine experimental operations	Gathering, organizing, and representing data (units, tables, charts, graphs)	Describing and interpreting data
Australia Belgium (Flemish) Bulgaria Canada Chile	0	•		•	•	•
Chinese Taipei Cyprus Czech Republic England Finland		•		•	•	•
Hong Kong, SAR Hungary Indonesia Iran, Islamic Rep. Israel	•	•		•	•	•
Italy Japan Jordan Korea, Rep. of Latvia (LSS)	•	•	•	•	•	•
Lithuania Macedonia, Rep. of Malaysia Moldova Morocco	•	•	•	•	•	•
Netherlands New Zealand Philippines Romania Russian Federation	•	•	•	•	•	
Singapore Slovak Republic Slovenia South Africa Thailand	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tunisia Turkey United States	•	•	•	•	•	•





SOURCE: IEA Third International Mathematics and Science Study (TIMSS), 1998-1999.

	Percentage of Students										
		t Topics s Year Only	Taught	Topics During Thi	s Year¹						
	More Than 80% of Topics	More Than 50% Up To and Including 80% of Topics	More Than 50% of Topics Each Taught More Than 5 Periods	More Than 50% of Topics Each Taught at Least1-5 Periods	50% or Less of Topics Taught	Not Yet Taught 50% or More of Topics					
Australia r	6 (1.7)	11 (2.2)	10 (1.8)	18 (2.5)	21 (3.1)	34 (2.9)					
Belgium (Flemish) r	4 (1.8)	12 (2.4)	2 (1.3)	10 (2.7)	12 (2.8)	60 (4.1)					
Bulgaria r	1 (0.6)	1 (0.0)	45 (5.6)	52 (5.9)	1 (0.1)	1 (0.6)					
Canada s	17 (2.6)	12 (2.5)	21 (2.8)	22 (2.8)	14 (2.8)	16 (2.6)					
Chile	29 (3.4)	22 (3.5)	15 (2.9)	17 (2.9)	11 (2.4)	7 (2.0)					
Chinese Taipei ²											
Cyprus s	10 (2.8)	12 (3.9)	1 (0.1)	6 (3.3)	8 (3.1)	62 (5.6)					
Czech Republic	45 (6.3)	11 (3.4)	6 (1.9)	23 (4.2)	13 (3.7)	2 (1.2)					
England s	22 (4.2)	13 (3.6)	0 (0.0)	24 (4.2)	14 (4.0)	27 (3.5)					
Finland r	3 (1.5)	3 (1.8)	6 (2.0)	27 (3.7)	5 (1.7)	56 (4.1)					
Hong Kong, SAR s	1 (0.1)	0 (0.0)	2 (1.6)	7 (2.9)	1 (0.1)	88 (3.6)					
Hungary	1 (1.0)	25 (3.4)	17 (3.3)	19 (3.4)	15 (3.0)	23 (3.7)					
Indonesia	4 (1.9)	4 (1.6)	12 (3.3)	67 (4.6)	10 (2.7)	2 (1.2)					
Iran, Islamic Rep.	26 (4.2)	25 (3.7)	0 (0.5)	14 (2.9)	6 (1.8)	29 (4.0)					
Israel	X X	X X	хх	хх	хх	хх					
Italy	5 (1.7)	8 (2.1)	18 (3.2)	28 (3.4)	22 (3.1)	19 (2.8)					
Japan	0 (0.0)	3 (1.6)	3 (1.8)	6 (1.9)	28 (3.7)	61 (4.0)					
Jordan	9 (2.4)	29 (4.1)	4 (1.8)	18 (3.8)	28 (4.2)	13 (3.0)					
Korea, Rep. of	4 (1.6)	13 (3.0)	12 (2.8)	22 (3.4)	41 (4.0)	8 (2.1)					
Latvia (LSS) s	23 (4.6)	16 (3.8)	3 (1.7)	26 (4.7)	14 (3.0)	17 (4.1)					
Lithuania [‡]											
Macedonia, Rep. of	53 (4.9)	14 (3.5)	4 (1.8)	9 (2.7)	6 (2.1)	15 (2.4)					
Malaysia	3 (1.5)	5 (2.0)	2 (1.2)	3 (1.4)	4 (1.6)	84 (3.3)					
Moldova											
Morocco											
Netherlands	0 (0.0)	1 (0.8)	10 (3.5)	59 (6.0)	14 (3.8)	17 (4.7)					
New Zealand r	3 (1.4)	4 (2.0)	7 (2.1)	21 (3.5)	4 (1.5)	61 (3.6)					
Philippines	4 (1.7)	9 (2.3)	29 (4.1)	47 (4.5)	8 (2.3)	3 (1.5)					
Romania	60 (4.1)	12 (2.9)	7 (3.2)	15 (3.3)	5 (1.6)	0 (0.0)					
Russian Federation											
Singapore	хх	хх	хх	хх	хх	хх					
South Africa	X X	X X	X X	X X	X X	X X					
Thailand	5 (1.8)	2 (1.2)	19 (3.0)	62 (4.3)	4 (1.8)	9 (2.3)					
Tunisia r	2 (1.2)	2 (1.1)	2 (1.2)	1 (1.0)	2 (1.4)	92 (2.6)					
Turkey	15 (2.6)	13 (2.5)	3 (1.2)	10 (2.3)	4 (1.5)	55 (4.3)					
United States r	20 (3.1)	12 (2.6)	26 (3.4)	20 (2.1)	11 (2.3)	11 (2.4)					

Background data provided by teachers.

- Categories of topic coverage for earth science are based on combined responses to questions about the individual science subtopics in the content area described in exhibit 5.12.
- 1 For each topic in exhibit 5.12, teachers were asked if the topic was taught before this year, taught 1-5 periods this year, taught more than 5 periods this year, or not yet taught. Topics taught during this year, regardless if taught before this year, are included in this category.
- $^{\rm 2}$ $\,$ Data for grade 9 earth science teachers not available.

International Avg.

‡ Lithuania tested the same cohort of students as other countries, but later in 1999, at the beginning of the next school year.

Science teacher background data for Slovak Republic and Slovenia are unavailable.

23 (0.7)

() Standard errors appear in parentheses. Because results are rounded to the nearest whole number, some totals may appear inconsistent.

12 (0.5)

A dash (-) indicates data are not available.

10 (0.5)

An "r" indicates teacher response data available for 70-84% of students. An "s" indicates teacher response data available for 50-69% of students. An "x" indicates teacher response data available for <50% of students.



13 (0.5)



10 (0.5)

Exhibit R2.10 When Biology Topics Are Taught*



			Percentage	of Students		
	Taught Topics Before This Year Only		Taught Topics During This Year ¹			N . W . T . L .
	More Than 80% of Topics	More Than 50% Up To and Including 80% of Topics	More Than 50% of Topics Each Taught More Than 5 Periods	More Than 50% of Topics Each Taught at Least 1-5 Periods	50% or Less of Topics Taught	Not Yet Taught 50% or More of Topics
Australia r	1 (0.8)	0 (0.2)	26 (3.2)	27 (3.0)	17 (3.2)	28 (3.2)
Belgium (Flemish)	0 (0.0)	7 (2.0)	27 (4.3)	39 (4.4)	25 (4.2)	2 (1.3)
Bulgaria r	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	11 (2.9)	26 (4.5)	56 (5.6)	8 (3.9)
Canada s	1 (0.5)	6 (1.8)	10 (2.1)	26 (4.1)	10 (3.4)	47 (3.3)
Chile	12 (2.7)	20 (3.1)	28 (3.6)	19 (3.2)	16 (2.6)	6 (2.0)
Chinese Taipei ²						
Cyprus r	0 (0.0)	1 (0.7)	8 (2.6)	30 (3.8)	47 (4.5)	14 (3.2)
Czech Republic	8 (2.4)	2 (0.8)	25 (4.6)	26 (2.8)	33 (5.3)	6 (1.8)
England s	9 (3.1)	8 (2.7)	16 (3.5)	42 (4.8)	19 (3.9)	6 (1.7)
Finland	1 (0.5)	6 (1.6)	4 (1.8)	4 (1.7)	13 (3.0)	72 (3.5)
Hong Kong, SAR r	3 (1.3)	6 (2.4)	4 (1.7)	17 (3.8)	25 (4.3)	45 (4.5)
Hungary	7 (2.3)	24 (3.4)	17 (3.3)	23 (3.8)	23 (3.5)	6 (2.1)
Indonesia	5 (1.7)	8 (2.9)	12 (2.9)	34 (4.4)	39 (4.8)	2 (1.3)
Iran, Islamic Rep.	5 (1.9)	13 (2.8)	7 (2.2)	43 (4.3)	30 (4.0)	2 (1.0)
Israel r	5 (1.4)	5 (1.7)	12 (3.3)	18 (3.8)	11 (2.5)	51 (4.1)
Italy	34 (4.0)	30 (3.5)	11 (2.3)	11 (2.3)	13 (2.2)	1 (0.3)
Japan	1 (1.2)	1 (0.9)	17 (3.3)	37 (3.9)	17 (3.3)	27 (3.5)
Jordan Kanaa Banaaf	12 (2.9)	23 (3.8)	13 (2.9)	23 (3.5)	17 (3.2)	12 (3.2)
Korea, Rep. of Latvia (LSS)	4 (1.7) 2 (1.1)	1 (1.0) 7 (2.2)	13 (3.1) 5 (1.8)	39 (3.8) 14 (3.1)	21 (3.6) 32 (4.5)	20 (3.3) 40 (4.6)
Lithuania ‡	2 (1.1)	7 (2.2)	J (1.8)	14 (5.1)	32 (4.3) — —	40 (4.0)
Macedonia, Rep. of	0 (0.0)	2 (1.2)	15 (2.9)	44 (4.4)	37 (4.4)	2 (1.2)
Malaysia	1 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	44 (4.4)	41 (3.8)	3 (1.6)	11 (2.8)
Moldova	T (0.0)	0 (0.0)	44 (4.4)	41 (5.8)	3 (1.0)	
Morocco						
Netherlands r	0 (0.0)	1 (0.7)	2 (1.2)	96 (1.7)	1 (0.9)	0 (0.0)
New Zealand	0 (0.0)	1 (0.4)	20 (3.3)	29 (4.0)	3 (1.8)	48 (4.0)
Philippines	7 (2.3)	4 (1.9)	6 (2.0)	29 (3.7)	8 (2.4)	46 (4.2)
Romania	1 (0.7)	51 (4.7)	11 (2.4)	11 (3.1)	25 (3.7)	2 (1.3)
Russian Federation						
Singapore	0 (0.0)	2 (1.5)	34 (4.3)	45 (4.6)	14 (3.3)	4 (2.0)
South Africa r	2 (1.0)	2 (1.4)	26 (5.0)	15 (3.7)	1 (1.0)	54 (5.4)
Thailand	14 (3.2)	5 (1.8)	19 (3.4)	45 (4.1)	9 (2.4)	9 (2.3)
Tunisia	1 (1.0)	7 (2.3)	9 (2.5)	8 (2.4)	19 (3.6)	55 (4.1)
Turkey	43 (4.6)	22 (2.6)	6 (1.6)	13 (3.1)	10 (2.7)	7 (2.5)
United States r	45 (3.7)	10 (2.1)	9 (2.0)	17 (2.6)	9 (2.2)	10 (2.0)
International Avg.	7 (0.4)	9 (0.4)	15 (0.6)	29 (0.7)	19 (0.6)	21 (0.5)

Background data provided by teachers.

Science teacher background data for Slovak Republic and Slovenia are unavailable.

SOURCE: IEA Third International Mathematics and Science Study (TIMSS), 1998-1999.

^{*} Categories of topic coverage for biology are based on combined responses to questions about the individual science subtopics in the content area described in exhibit 5.13.

¹ For each topic in exhibit 5.13, teachers were asked if the topic was taught before this year, taught 1-5 periods this year, taught more than 5 periods this year, or not yet taught. Topics taught during this year, regardless if taught before this year, are included in this category.

² Data for grade 7 biology teachers not available.

 $^{^{\}ddagger}$ Lithuania tested the same cohort of students as other countries, but later in 1999, at the beginning of the next school year.

⁽⁾ Standard errors appear in parentheses. Because results are rounded to the nearest whole number, some totals may appear inconsistent.

A dash (-) indicates data are not available.

An "r" indicates teacher response data available for 70-84% of students. An "s" indicates teacher response data available for 50-69% of students.



	Percentage of Students					
	Taught Topics Before This Year Only		Taught Topics During This Year ¹			Net Vet Terrelet
	More Than 80% of Topics	More Than 50% Up To and Including 80% of Topics	More Than 50% of Topics Each Taught More Than 5 Periods	More Than 50% of Topics Each Taught at Least 1-5 Periods	50% or Less of Topics Taught	Not Yet Taught 50% or More of Topics
Australia r	0 (0.0)	3 (0.8)	10 (1.8)	27 (3.6)	25 (2.8)	36 (2.8)
Belgium (Flemish) s	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	1 (0.9)	13 (3.4)	2 (1.3)	84 (3.3)
Bulgaria r	1 (0.7)	4 (1.4)	20 (6.7)	63 (6.2)	8 (2.3)	4 (1.7)
Canada s Chile r	. (. ,	6 (2.0) 27 (3.8)	7 (1.7) 7 (2.2)	25 (3.0) 13 (2.9)	16 (2.8) 10 (2.5)	45 (3.2) 26 (3.8)
Chinese Taipei	5 (1.6)	5 (1.9)	12 (2.7)	34 (4.2)	26 (3.8)	19 (2.9)
Cyprus s	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	9 (2.9)	32 (4.8)	2 (1.6)	56 (5.8)
Czech Republic	0 (0.0)	5 (2.3)	5 (2.1)	26 (4.9)	60 (5.0)	4 (2.1)
England s	0 (0.2)	16 (4.2)	4 (1.8)	52 (5.3)	27 (4.4)	1 (0.5)
Finland	0 (0.4)	0 (0.0)	4 (2.0)	22 (3.2)	3 (1.3)	71 (3.8)
Hong Kong, SAR r	1 (0.9)	2 (1.3)	12 (3.3)	21 (4.0)	37 (4.9)	28 (4.3)
Hungary	0 (0.0)	16 (3.3)	10 (2.4)	24 (3.6)	48 (4.3)	2 (1.3)
Indonesia	6 (2.2)	9 (2.6)	15 (3.4)	41 (5.1)	19 (3.0)	10 (2.3)
Iran, Islamic Rep.	1 (0.8)	8 (2.2)	2 (1.1)	69 (3.5)	18 (3.0)	2 (1.0)
Israel r	2 (2.2)	2 (1.2)	6 (2.3)	10 (3.0)	7 (2.4)	76 (4.3)
Italy	4 (1.6)	14 (2.7)	7 (2.1)	20 (3.0)	32 (3.9)	24 (3.3)
Japan	0 (0.0)	12 (3.1)	1 (0.9)	7 (2.0)	73 (3.6)	6 (2.3)
Jordan Karaa Ban af	1 (0.9)	3 (1.5)	30 (4.1)	48 (4.2)	16 (3.0)	2 (1.1)
Korea, Rep. of Latvia (LSS)	4 (1.6) 0 (0.0)	13 (2.6) 1 (0.7)	2 (1.2) 28 (4.6)	24 (3.7) 55 (4.6)	30 (3.9) 0 (0.0)	28 (3.8) 17 (3.3)
Lithuania ‡						
Macedonia, Rep. of	0 (0.0)	4 (1.7)	21 (4.0)	47 (4.5)	27 (3.6)	1 (0.0)
Malaysia	2 (1.1)	2 (1.2)	10 (2.7)	30 (4.0)	35 (4.3)	21 (3.2)
Moldova						
Morocco						
Netherlands	0 (0.0)	1 (0.7)	0 (0.0)	98 (0.9)	1 (0.6)	0 (0.0)
New Zealand	0 (0.1)	4 (1.3)	7 (2.2)	48 (3.5)	1 (0.7)	40 (4.0)
Philippines Romania	9 (2.5)	7 (2.1)	9 (2.3)	53 (4.6)	5 (1.9)	18 (3.5)
Russian Federation	2 (1.3) – –	23 (3.6)	8 (2.3)	18 (3.7) 	48 (4.8) — —	1 (0.0)
Singapore	0 (0.1)	2 (1.1)	20 (3.5)	59 (4.3)	17 (3.6)	2 (1.4)
South Africa r	3 (1.7)	1 (1.0)	18 (4.1)	19 (4.0)	5 (1.7)	54 (5.1)
Thailand r		3 (1.5)	4 (1.7)	23 (3.8)	10 (2.9)	59 (4.8)
Tunisia s		0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	2 (1.5)	0 (0.0)	97 (1.6)
Turkey	1 (0.8)	20 (3.4)	13 (2.6)	25 (3.8)	39 (3.2)	2 (1.3)
United States r	5 (1.5)	7 (1.9)	21 (3.6)	37 (2.9)	12 (2.4)	18 (3.1)
International Avg.	2 (0.2)	7 (0.4)	10 (0.5)	34 (0.7)	21 (0.6)	27 (0.5)

Background data provided by teachers.

- Categories of topic coverage for physics are based on combined responses to questions about the individual science subtopics in the content area described in exhibit 5.14.
- $^{
 m 1}$ For each topic in exhibit 5.14, teachers were asked if the topic was taught before this year, taught 1-5 periods this year, taught more than 5 periods this year, or not yet taught. Topics taught during this year, regardless if taught before this year, are included in this category.
- ‡ Lithuania tested the same cohort of students as other countries, but later in 1999, at the beginning of the next school year.

Science teacher background data for Slovak Republic and Slovenia are unavailable.

- () Standard errors appear in parentheses. Because results are rounded to the nearest whole number, some totals may appear inconsistent.
- A dash (-) indicates data are not available.
- An "r" indicates teacher response data available for 70-84% of students. An "s" indicates teacher response data available for 50-69% of students.

SOURCE: IEA Third International Mathematics and Science Study (TIMSS), 1998-1999.

Exhibit R2.12 When Chemistry Topics Are Taught*



		Percentage of Students					
			t Topics s Year Only	Taught	Topics During Thi	s Year¹	
		More Than 80% of Topics	More Than 50% Up To and Including 80% of Topics	More Than 50% of Topics Each Taught More Than 5 Periods	More Than 50% of Topics Each Taught at Least 1-5 Periods	50% or Less of Topics Taught	Not Yet Taught 50% or More of Topics
Australia	r	2 (0.7)	2 (1.2)	29 (3.3)	25 (3.0)	9 (2.0)	34 (4.1)
Belgium (Flemish)	S	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	3 (1.9)	0 (0.0)	97 (1.9)
Bulgaria		6 (2.0)	11 (2.6)	31 (5.8)	31 (4.8)	20 (3.4)	1 (0.7)
Canada Chile	S	6 (2.0) 51 (4.0)	2 (0.9) 9 (2.4)	15 (2.7) 9 (2.5)	25 (3.2) 13 (2.7)	2 (0.9) 3 (1.4)	51 (3.9) 14 (2.8)
Chinese Taipei		7 (1.9)	1 (0.7)	41 (4.5)	46 (3.9)	5 (1.9)	1 (0.7)
Cyprus	r	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	3 (1.9)	59 (4.4)	1 (0.0)	38 (4.8)
Czech Republic		1 (0.3)	5 (2.1)	28 (4.9)	45 (5.6)	14 (3.1)	8 (3.0)
England	S	4 (2.2)	7 (2.8)	14 (3.5)	59 (5.1)	5 (2.0)	11 (3.3)
Finland		2 (1.1)	2 (1.2)	21 (3.5)	52 (3.8)	2 (1.1)	20 (2.7)
Hong Kong, SAR	r	8 (2.6)	19 (3.8)	6 (1.9)	15 (3.5)	18 (3.8)	35 (4.8)
Hungary		22 (3.7)	17 (2.9)	15 (3.0)	25 (3.3)	19 (3.2)	1 (1.0)
Indonesia		хх	хх	хх	хх	хх	хх
Iran, Islamic Rep.		3 (1.2)	5 (1.6)	6 (1.8)	64 (4.0)	19 (3.4)	4 (1.5)
Israel		1 (0.8)	2 (1.5)	26 (3.7)	23 (3.3)	12 (2.8)	36 (4.1)
Italy		21 (3.1)	15 (2.6)	12 (2.5)	20 (3.2)	9 (2.1)	23 (3.6)
Japan 		3 (1.7)	1 (0.7)	32 (4.3)	35 (3.8)	12 (2.7)	18 (3.3)
Jordan		3 (1.6)	5 (1.7)	35 (4.1)	33 (4.0)	22 (3.8)	2 (1.1)
Korea, Rep. of Latvia (LSS)		2 (1.3) 0 (0.0)	3 (1.3) 0 (0.0)	27 (3.4) 32 (4.3)	45 (3.8) 59 (4.5)	13 (2.8) 0 (0.3)	10 (2.3) 9 (2.4)
Lithuania ‡							
Macedonia, Rep. of		56 (4.0)	14 (3.1)	7 (2.4)	15 (3.1)	7 (2.0)	2 (1.1)
Malaysia		10 (2.8)	10 (2.7)	11 (3.1)	13 (2.8)	11 (2.9)	45 (4.4)
Moldova							
Morocco							
Netherlands	r	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	98 (1.0)	0 (0.0)	1 (0.9)
New Zealand		0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	25 (3.5)	35 (3.7)	0 (0.0)	40 (3.9)
Philippines		9 (2.6)	10 (2.6)	13 (2.8)	48 (4.4)	3 (1.5)	17 (2.9)
Romania		5 (1.7)	9 (2.3)	16 (3.5)	23 (4.1)	33 (3.9)	15 (3.9)
Russian Federation							
Singapore	r	1 (0.6)	11 (2.9)	20 (3.8)	48 (4.9)	9 (2.3)	13 (3.3)
South Africa	r	2 (1.1)	0 (0.0)	32 (4.6)	23 (3.7)	3 (1.6)	39 (3.8)
Thailand	r	5 (1.9)	5 (1.9)	6 (1.8)	33 (4.7)	9 (2.5)	42 (4.7)
Tunisia Turkey	S	0 (0.0) 1 (0.0)	0 (0.0) 0 (0.0)	0 (0.0) 48 (4.1)	0 (0.0) 45 (4.2)	1 (1.1) 1 (0.7)	99 (1.1) 5 (2.1)
United States	r	8 (1.9)	2 (0.9)	48 (4.1) 31 (3.5)	32 (3.4)	4 (1.0)	23 (3.3)
Officed States	-	0 (1.3)	2 (0.3)	51 (3.3)	JZ (J.4)	4 (1.0)	25 (3.3)
International Avg.		8 (0.3)	5 (0.3)	19 (0.6)	35 (0.7)	9 (0.4)	24 (0.6)

Background data provided by teachers.

Science teacher background data for Slovak Republic and Slovenia are unavailable.

SOURCE: IEA Third International Mathematics and Science Study (TIMSS), 1998-1999.

Categories of topic coverage for chemistry are based on combined responses to questions about the individual science subtopics in the content area described in exhibit 5.15.

¹ For each topic in exhibit 5.15, teachers were asked if the topic was taught before this year, taught 1-5 periods this year, taught more than 5 periods this year, or not yet taught. Topics taught during this year, regardless if taught before this year, are included in this category.

 $^{^{\}ddagger}$ Lithuania tested the same cohort of students as other countries, but later in 1999, at the beginning of the next school year.

A dash (-) indicates data are not available.

An "r" indicates teacher response data available for 70-84% of students. An "s" indicates teacher response data available for 50-69% of students.

When Environmental and Resource Issues Topics Are Taught*



SOURCE: IEA Third International Mathematics and Science Study (TIMSS), 1998-1999.

			Percentage	of Students		
	Taught Topics Before This Year Only		Taught	Not Vet Toucht		
	More Than 80% of Topics	More Than 50% Up To and Including 80% of Topics	More Than 50% of Topics Each Taught More Than 5 Periods	More Than 50% of Topics Each Taught at Least 1-5 Periods	50% or Less of Topics Taught	Not Yet Taught 50% or More of Topics
Australia r	6 (1.6)	6 (2.0)	7 (1.8)	24 (3.1)	2 (0.9)	55 (3.9)
Belgium (Flemish) r	4 (1.9)	6 (3.3)	6 (2.0)	64 (4.9)	3 (1.5)	17 (3.6)
Bulgaria s	4 (2.1)	1 (0.9)	11 (2.6)	73 (4.1)	0 (0.0)	11 (3.3)
Canada s	` '	10 (2.0)	19 (3.6)	51 (4.5)	3 (1.2)	8 (1.7)
Chile	4 (1.6)	4 (1.4)	65 (3.5)	24 (3.1)	0 (0.0)	4 (1.6)
Chinese Taipei r	. (* .,	5 (2.2)	4 (1.8)	22 (3.4)	3 (1.5)	51 (4.4)
Cyprus s	` '	1 (1.3)	2 (0.1)	72 (5.2)	1 (1.2)	22 (4.6)
Czech Republic	10 (4.3)	9 (3.0)	9 (2.7)	64 (5.4)	0 (0.0)	9 (2.7)
England s	` '	8 (2.9)	5 (2.0)	43 (5.5)	1 (0.8)	27 (4.9)
Finland	2 (1.2)	2 (1.3)	2 (0.9)	67 (4.3)	0 (0.0)	27 (4.2)
Hong Kong, SAR r	(-,	10 (3.1)	4 (2.0)	29 (5.0)	6 (2.4)	46 (5.3)
Hungary	6 (1.9)	6 (2.1)	24 (3.5)	59 (4.1)	3 (1.6)	1 (1.0)
Indonesia	17 (4.0)	6 (1.9)	12 (3.2)	45 (5.3)	3 (1.5)	17 (3.6)
Iran, Islamic Rep.	18 (3.4)	23 (4.6)	1 (0.8)	21 (3.2)	3 (1.2)	34 (3.9)
Israel r	. (=.=/	4 (1.7)	3 (1.5)	23 (4.0)	2 (1.5)	61 (4.4)
Italy	17 (3.2)	13 (2.7)	17 (3.0)	29 (3.8)	3 (1.4)	20 (2.8)
Japan Jordan	1 (0.0)	1 (0.0)	1 (0.0)	6 (2.0)	0 (0.0)	92 (2.5)
	7 (2.4)	19 (3.8)	12 (2.8)	32 (4.0)	7 (1.8)	22 (3.8)
Korea, Rep. of Latvia (LSS) r	13 (2.7) 3 (1.4)	7 (2.2) 13 (3.6)	4 (1.7) 9 (2.7)	31 (3.7) 58 (5.1)	3 (1.4) 3 (1.8)	42 (4.5) 14 (3.5)
Lithuania ‡	J (1.4)		J (2.7)			
Macedonia, Rep. of	17 (3.2)	12 (3.0)	10 (2.9)	43 (4.8)	4 (2.1)	14 (3.0)
Malaysia	1 (0.0)	2 (1.3)	19 (3.4)	56 (4.1)	1 (0.8)	21 (3.5)
Moldova						
Morocco						
Netherlands	1 (0.5)	2 (1.1)	5 (1.9)	92 (2.5)	0 (0.0)	1 (1.0)
New Zealand	2 (1.1)	1 (0.7)	5 (1.7)	46 (3.9)	2 (1.2)	43 (3.6)
Philippines	9 (2.5)	6 (2.1)	32 (4.3)	47 (4.3)	2 (1.2)	4 (1.7)
Romania	7 (2.1)	1 (0.9)	19 (4.4)	67 (4.9)	1 (0.9)	6 (2.3)
Russian Federation						
Singapore r	13 (2.6)	12 (3.1)	10 (2.9)	41 (4.5)	12 (2.9)	13 (3.4)
South Africa S	3 (1.4)	0 (0.1)	34 (5.1)	26 (4.6)	1 (1.0)	36 (4.8)
Thailand	9 (2.6)	4 (1.7)	25 (3.9)	48 (4.8)	4 (1.8)	8 (2.4)
Tunisia r	. ()	10 (2.6)	12 (3.2)	6 (2.2)	6 (2.1)	58 (4.5)
Turkey	36 (3.9)	17 (3.1)	5 (1.5)	23 (3.5)	3 (1.7)	16 (3.2)
United States r	21 (2.8)	8 (2.1)	15 (2.3)	34 (3.3)	3 (0.7)	19 (2.5)

Background data provided by teachers.

International Avg.

Science teacher background data for Slovak Republic and Slovenia are unavailable.

A dash (-) indicates data are not available.

An "r" indicates teacher response data available for 70-84% of students. An "s" indicates teacher response data available for 50-69% of students.

^{*} Categories of topic coverage for environmental and resource issues are based on combined responses to questions about the individual science subtopics in the content area described in exhibit 5.16.

¹ For each topic in exhibit 5.16, teachers were asked if the topic was taught before this year, taught 1-5 periods this year, taught more than 5 periods this year, or not yet taught. Topics taught during this year, regardless if taught before this year, are included in this category.

[‡] Lithuania tested the same cohort of students as other countries, but later in 1999, at the beginning of the next school year.

⁽⁾ Standard errors appear in parentheses. Because results are rounded to the nearest whole number, some totals may appear inconsistent.

When Scientific Inquiry Skills and the Nature of Science Topics Are Taught*



		Percentage of Students					
		Taught Topics Taught Topics During This Year ¹			Not Yet Taught		
		More Than 80% of Topics	More Than 50% Up To and Including 80% of Topics	More Than 50% of Topics Each Taught More Than 5 Periods	More Than 50% of Topics Each Taught at Least 1-5 Periods	50% or Less of Topics Taught	50% or More of Topics
Australia Belgium (Flemish) Bulgaria Canada Chile	r r	4 (0.9) 3 (2.6) x x 2 (0.9)	3 (1.1) 2 (1.1) x x 0 (0.3)	48 (3.9) 30 (4.4) x x 47 (3.1)	35 (3.6) 37 (4.7) x x 47 (3.0)	8 (2.0) 2 (1.3) x x 2 (0.9)	2 (0.7) 26 (4.8) x x 1 (0.7)
Chinese Taipei Cyprus Czech Republic England Finland	r r s	11 (2.6) 31 (4.1) 0 (0.0) 2 (1.7) 2 (1.1) 0 (0.0)	4 (1.6) 6 (2.3) 4 (0.2) 3 (0.8) 3 (2.0) 0 (0.4)	24 (3.2) 10 (2.5) 11 (1.2) 11 (3.7) 46 (5.1) 14 (2.6)	39 (4.5) 26 (3.8) 80 (2.7) 52 (5.6) 46 (5.0) 75 (3.4)	13 (2.5) 4 (1.7) 0 (0.0) 9 (3.2) 1 (0.5) 0 (0.3)	9 (2.3) 23 (3.9) 5 (2.4) 22 (4.4) 2 (1.1) 10 (2.3)
Hong Kong, SAR Hungary Indonesia Iran, Islamic Rep. Israel	r	18 (3.5) 6 (2.2) 6 (2.2) 3 (1.6) 6 (2.4)	10 (2.6) 6 (2.1) 4 (1.6) 2 (1.0) 0 (0.0)	12 (3.1) 16 (3.4) 12 (3.1) 12 (4.5) 21 (3.9)	27 (3.9) 54 (4.3) 45 (4.7) 36 (4.8) 50 (4.3)	9 (2.7) 10 (2.5) 7 (2.2) 4 (1.9) 11 (2.8)	24 (3.8) 8 (2.0) 27 (4.1) 43 (4.4) 12 (2.7)
Italy Japan Jordan Korea, Rep. of Latvia (LSS)	r r	25 (3.4) 11 (2.5) 2 (1.4) 8 (1.9) 1 (0.8)	14 (2.5) 8 (2.5) 3 (1.5) 4 (1.7) 0 (0.0)	11 (2.8) 28 (3.9) 9 (2.9) 14 (2.9) 20 (3.5)	32 (3.6) 44 (4.2) 44 (5.1) 59 (4.0) 63 (4.2)	14 (3.0) 5 (1.7) 10 (2.7) 6 (2.0) 5 (2.3)	5 (1.8) 5 (1.8) 32 (4.8) 9 (2.3) 11 (3.3)
Lithuania [‡] Macedonia, Rep. of Malaysia Moldova Morocco	S	 13 (4.4) 13 (2.8) 	 6 (2.8) 6 (2.2) 	18 (4.3) 16 (3.0) 	 39 (6.1) 41 (4.0) 	8 (3.1) 6 (2.1) 	16 (5.1) 18 (3.7)
Netherlands New Zealand Philippines Romania Russian Federation	r	3 (2.8) 0 (0.0) 21 (3.4) 18 (3.4)	0 (0.0) 0 (0.0) 3 (1.4) 7 (2.7)	1 (0.7) 56 (3.9) 18 (3.2) 20 (4.4)	96 (3.0) 40 (3.9) 51 (4.3) 40 (5.0)	1 (0.7) 1 (1.5) 3 (1.5) 9 (3.1)	0 (0.0) 2 (1.1) 4 (1.6) 6 (2.4)
Singapore South Africa Thailand Tunisia Turkey United States	r r r	13 (3.2) 1 (0.7) 30 (4.2) 6 (2.0) 17 (3.4) 2 (0.8)	8 (2.5) 2 (1.3) 5 (1.5) 4 (1.8) 7 (2.4) 1 (0.4)	18 (3.5) 21 (3.9) 15 (3.3) 53 (4.4) 6 (2.3) 49 (4.0)	46 (4.5) 37 (4.5) 32 (4.1) 3 (1.4) 17 (3.2) 43 (4.1)	9 (2.5) 2 (1.6) 4 (1.6) 8 (1.7) 9 (2.5) 2 (1.3)	6 (2.4) 36 (4.4) 14 (2.9) 27 (4.2) 44 (4.2) 2 (1.1)
International Avg.		9 (0.4)	4 (0.3)	22 (0.6)	44 (0.8)	6 (0.4)	15 (0.6)

Background data provided by teachers.

Science teacher background data for Slovak Republic and Slovenia are unavailable.

A dash (-) indicates data are not available.

Categories of topic coverage for scientific inquiry and the nature of science are based on combined responses to questions about the individual science subtopics in the content area described in exhibit 5.17.

¹ For each topic in exhibit 5.17, teachers were asked if the topic was taught before this year, taught 1-5 periods this year, taught more than 5 periods this year, or not yet taught. Topics taught during this year, regardless if taught before this year, are included in this category.

Lithuania tested the same cohort of students as other countries, but later in 1999, at the beginning of the next school year.

^() Standard errors appear in parentheses. Because results are rounded to the nearest whole number, some totals may appear inconsistent.

An "r" indicates teacher response data available for 70-84% of students. An "s" indicates teacher response data available for 50-69% of students. An "x" indicates teacher response data available for <50% of students.

