# IEA Trends in International Mathematics and Science Study T T M S S 2003

# **Main Survey**

# Curriculum Questionnaire

Mathematics <br/>
<Grade 8>

# **General Directions**

This questionnaire is addressed to National Research Coordinators, who are asked to supply information about their nation's intended curriculum in mathematics. This will help provide background information for interpretation of the school and achievement data collected in other parts of the TIMSS 2003 study. Your responses are very important in helping to provide a better understanding of the study results. We ask that you or your nominee complete this questionnaire, working with others as necessary (e.g., curriculum supervisors of mathematics representative of those at the <grade 8> level in your country). It is important that you answer each question carefully and provide additional information where requested so that as accurate a picture as possible of your country's curriculum is presented in the final reports.

•Your cooperation in completing this questionnaire is greatly appreciated •

## **Contact Information**

Country:	
Name of Individual Completing Report:	
Position of Individual Completing Report:	
Address:	
Email:	
Phone:	
Fax:	

Others (and positions) involved in providing information in completing questionnaire:

#### **National Curriculum**

**IMPORTANT**: Throughout this questionnaire, the term "national curriculum" is intended to include any centrally-supported curriculum. The curriculum need not be mandated but it should be strongly recommended or at least widely used.

This curriculum may not necessarily be articulated in a formal document, or different aspects of the curriculum may appear in different documents.

A. Does your country have a national curriculum that includes mathematics at <grade 8>?

1

auestion.

		No
	Yes	
Fill in one circle only	0-	0

**Note:** If **No**, please complete the remainder of the questionnaire based on your best informed judgment of the intended mathematics curriculum for the majority of <grade 8> students in your country. If it is impossible to answer a particular question, just make a note and move to the next

- B. If there is not a national curriculum, what is the highest level of decision-making authority that provides a curriculum for <grade 8> mathematics?
- C. In what year was the current intended mathematics curriculum for <grade 8> introduced?
- D. Is the intended mathematics curriculum that includes <grade 8> currently being revised?

		No
	Yes	
Fill in one circle only	0 -	0

#### 2 📩

A. Across grades K-12, does an education authority in your country (e.g., National Ministry of Education) administer examinations in mathematics that have consequences for individual students, such as determining grade promotion, entry to a higher school system, entry to university, and/or exiting or graduating from high school?



If No, please go to question 3

B. If YES, please describe the authority which administers examinations in mathematics, and list the grades at which they are given.

#### 3

#### Are any of the following methods used to help implement the national mathematics curriculum at <grade 8>?

Fill in one circle for each row

4

			No
	_	Yes	
a)	Mandated or recommended textbook(s)		0
b)	Instructional or pedagogical guide	0	0
c)	Ministry notes and directives		()
d)	Curriculum evaluation during or after implementation	0	0
e)	Specifically developed or recomment instructional activities	led ()	0
f)	National assessments based on student samples	0	0
g)	A system of school inspection or audit	0	0
h)	Other	0	0
	(Please specify:		)

Comments: \_\_\_\_\_

# Does the national curriculum specify the amount of instructional time that should be devoted to mathematics?

	Fill in <b>one</b> of	circle for each row
		No
		Yes
a)	at <grade 4=""></grade>	00
	If <b>Yes</b> , what percentage of total instructional time is supposed to be devoted to mathematics?	e
b)	at <grade 6=""></grade>	00
	If <b>Yes</b> , what percentage of total instructional time is supposed to b devoted to mathematics?	)e 
c)	at <grade 8=""></grade>	00
	If <b>Yes</b> , what percentage of total instructional time is supposed to be devoted to mathematics?	oe

### Pedagogical Approach

#### 5

# Which best describes how the national mathematics curriculum at <grade 8> addresses the issue of students with different levels of ability?

Fill in one circle only

6

The same curriculum is prescribed for all students $\bigcirc$	
The same curriculum is prescribed for students of different ability levels, but at different levels of difficulty	
Different curricula are prescribed for students of different ability levels	
Comments:	

# How much emphasis does the national mathematics curriculum at <grade 8> place on the following?

Fill in one circle for each row

			A lot
		Some	
	Very lit	tle	
	None		
a)	Mastering basic skills $\bigcirc$	00	0
b)	Understanding mathematical concepts and principles $\bigcirc$	00	()
c)	Applying mathematics in real-life contexts $\bigcirc$	00	()
d)	Communicating mathematically $\bigcirc$	00	()
e)	Reasoning mathematically $\bigcirc$	00	()
f)	Incorporating the experiences of different ethnic/cultural groups $\bigcirc$	0 0	()
g)	Integrating mathematics with other subjects $\bigcirc$	00	0
h)	Deriving formal proofs $\bigcirc$	00	()
Com	ments:		

### **Calculators and Computers**



#### Teacher Education and Certification

9

10

A. Do <grade 8> mathematics teachers receive specific preparation in how to teach the intended mathematics curriculum at <grade 8>?

Fill in one circle for each row

Fill in one circle for each row

	No
	Yes
a)	As part of pre-service education $\bigcirc$ $\bigcirc$
b)	As part of in-service education

B. If you answered YES to either (a) or (b), describe the nature of the preparation.

Which are the current requirements for being a mathematics teacher at <grade 8>?

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A. Is there a process to license or certify <grade 8> mathematics teachers?

	No
	Yes
Fill in one circle only	00

If No, please go to question 12

# B. If YES, who certifies/licenses <grade 8> mathematics teachers?

Fill in one circle for each row

No

	-	Yes
a)	Minister/Ministry of Education	00
b)	National/state licensing board	00
c)	Universities/colleges	00
d)	Teacher organization/union	00
e)	Other	00
	(Please specify:	)

Comments: \_\_\_\_\_

No Yes Pre-practicum and supervised a) practicum in the field ------ O ---- O b) Passing an examination ------O c) Completion of a probationary d) teaching period ----- O --- O If Yes, how long is this period? e) Completion of a mentoring or induction program ----- O --- O f) (Please specify: )

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#### 12 ı

## According to the national mathematics curriculum, what proportion of <grade 8> students should have been taught each of the following topics or skills by the end of <grade 8>?

#### Across grades K-12, at what grade(s) are the topics primarily intended to be taught?

Be sure to include curriculum expectations for all grades up to and including <grade 8>. If there are not any specifications to this detail, please indicate national expectations to the best of your ability.

If part of a topic does not apply (e.g., factorization in topic (a) below), please cross out that part and answer for the major part of the topic.

	Proportion of <grade 8=""> students expected to be taught topic</grade>	Grade(s) topic is expected to be taught K-12
	Fill in <b>one</b> circle for each row	
	Not included in the curriculum through <grade 8=""></grade>	
	Only the more able students (top track)	
	All or almost all students	
A. N	lumber	
a)	Whole numbers including place value, factorization, and the four operations $\odot$ $\odot$	
b)	Computations, estimations, or approximations involving whole numbers $\bigcirc$ $\bigcirc$	
c)	Common fractions including equivalent fractions, and ordering of fractions $\bigcirc$ $\bigcirc$	
d)	Decimal fractions including place value, ordering, rounding, and converting to common fractions (and vice versa) $\bigcirc$ $\bigcirc$	
e)	Representing decimals and fractions using words, numbers, or models (including number lines) $\bigcirc$ $\bigcirc$	
f)	Computations with fractions $\bigcirc$ $\bigcirc$	
g)	Computations with decimals $\bigcirc$ $\bigcirc$ $\bigcirc$	
h)	Integers including words, numbers, or models (including number lines), ordering integers, addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division	
i)	Paties (equivalence, division of a quantity by a given ratio)	
i)	Conversion of personne to fractions or decimals, and vice versa	
J)		
<b>в. А</b> а)	Numeric, algebraic, and geometric patterns or sequences (extension, missing terms, generalization of patterns)	
b)	Sums, products, and powers of expressions containing variables $\bigcirc$ $\bigcirc$ $\bigcirc$	
c)	Simple linear equations and inequalities, and simultaneous (two variables) equations $\bigcirc$ $\bigcirc$	
d)	Equivalent representations of functions as ordered pairs, tables, graphs, words, or equations $\bigcirc$ $\bigcirc$	
e)	Proportional, linear, and nonlinear relationships (travel graphs and simple piecewise functions included)	
f)	Attributes of a graph such as intercepts on axes, and intervals where the function increases, decreases, or is constant $\bigcirc$	

#### 12 continued

	Proportion of <grade 8=""> students expected to be taught topic</grade>	Grade(s) topic is expected to be taught K-12
	Fill in <b>one</b> circle for each row	
	Not included in the curriculum through <grade 8=""></grade>	
	Only the more able students (top track)	
	All or almost all students	
C. M	leasurement	
a)	Standard units for measures of length, area, volume, perimeter, circumference, time, speed, density, angle, mass/weight $\bigcirc$	
b)	Relationships among units for conversions within systems of units, and for rates $\bigcirc$ $\bigcirc$ $\bigcirc$	
c)	Use standard tools to measure length, weight, time, speed, angle, and temperature $\bigcirc$ $\bigcirc$	
d)	Estimations of length, circumference, area, volume, weight, time, angle, and speed in problem situations (e.g., circumference of a wheel, speed of a runner)	
e)	Computations with measurements in problem situations (e.g., add measures, find average speed on a trip, find population density) $\bigcirc$ $\bigcirc$	
f)	Measurement formulas for perimeter of a rectangle, circumference of a circle, areas of plane figures (including circles), surface area and volume of rectangular solids, and rates	
g)	Measures of irregular or compound areas (e.g., by using grids or dissecting and rearranging pieces) $\bigcirc$ $\bigcirc$	
h)	Precision of measurements (e.g., upper and lower bounds of a length reported as 8 centimeters to the nearest centimeter)	



#### **12 continued**

## According to the national mathematics curriculum, what proportion of <grade 8> students should have been taught each of the following topics or skills by the end of <grade 8>?

#### Across grades K-12, at what grade(s) are the topics primarily intended to be taught?

Be sure to include curriculum expectations for all grades up to and including <grade 8>. If there are not any specifications to this detail, please indicate national expectations to the best of your ability.

If part of a topic does not apply, please cross out that part and answer for the major part of the topic.

	Proportion of <grade 8=""> students expected to be taught topic</grade>	Grade(s) topic is expected to be taught K-12
	Fill in <b>one</b> circle for each row	
	Not included in the curriculum through <grade 8=""></grade>	
	Only the more able students (top track)	
	All or almost all students	
D. (	Geometry	
a)	Angles - acute, right, straight, obtuse, reflex, complementary, and supplementary $\bigcirc$ $\bigcirc$	
b)	Relationships for angles at a point, angles on a line, vertically opposite angles, angles associated with a transversal cutting parallel lines, and perpendicularity $\bigcirc$ $\bigcirc$ $\bigcirc$	
c)	Properties of angle bisectors and perpendicular bisectors of lines $\bigcirc$ $\bigcirc$	
d)	Properties of geometric shapes: triangles and quadrilaterals $\bigcirc$ $\bigcirc$ $\bigcirc$	
e)	Properties of other polygons (regular pentagon, hexagon, octagon, decagon)	
f)	Construct or draw triangles and rectangles of given dimensions $\bigcirc$ $\bigcirc$ $\bigcirc$	
g)	Pythagorean theorem (not proof) to find length of a side $\bigcirc$ $\bigcirc$ $\bigcirc$	
h)	Congruent figures (triangles, quadrilaterals) and their corresponding measures $\odot$ $\odot$ $\odot$	
i)	Similar triangles and recall their properties $\bigcirc$	
j)	Cartesian plane - ordered pairs, equations, intercepts, intersections, and gradient $\bigcirc$ $\bigcirc$	
k)	Relationships between two-dimensional and three-dimensional shapes $\bigcirc$ $\bigcirc$	
I)	Line and rotational symmetry for two-dimensional shapes $\bigcirc$ $\bigcirc$ $\bigcirc$	
m)	Translation, reflection, rotation, and enlargement	

#### 12 continued

	Proportion of <grade 8=""> students expected to be taught topic</grade>	Grade(s) topic is expected to be taught K-12
	Fill in <b>one</b> circle for each row	
	Not included in the curriculum through <grade 8=""></grade>	
	Only the more able students (top track)	
	All or almost all students	
I	E. Data	
i	a) Organizing a set of data by one or more characteristics using a tally chart, table, or graph	
	<ul> <li>b) Sources of error in collecting and organizing data</li> <li>(e.g., bias, inappropriate grouping)</li></ul>	
(	c) Data collection methods (e.g., survey, experiment, questionnaire) $\bigcirc$ $\bigcirc$	
	d) Drawing and interpreting graphs, tables, pictographs, bar graphs, pie charts, and line graphs	
	e) Characteristics of data sets including mean, median, range, and shape of distribution (in general terms)	
1	f) Interpreting data sets (e.g., draw conclusions, make predictions, and estimate values between and beyond given data points)	
9	g) Evaluating interpretations of data with respect to correctness and completeness of interpretation	
l	h) Simple probability including using data from experiments to estimate probabilities for favorable outcomes	

# Thank You for completing this questionnaire



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